

GREAT SPECIAL SALE WHY DO GENTLEMEN OF BLACK DRESS SILKS!

On Monday, April 14, and until these lots are disposed of, we shall offer some of the most ASTOUNDING BARGAINS in BLACK DRESS SILKS ever shown in this city, such as

- 20-Inch Guinet's Black Silk, Worth \$1 37½; at - \$1 00
- 22-Inch Superb Black Silk, Worth \$1 75; at - 1 25
- 22-Inch Extra Heavy Black Silk, Worth \$2 25; at - 1 50

These Silks Can Not Be Duplicated by any House at These Prices.

Also, full lines of our Regular BLACK DRESS SILKS, UNEQUALLED in COLOR, DURABILITY, TEXTURE and FINISH, ranging in price from \$1 25 to \$3 50 per yard.

- PLAIN CHANGEABLE SILKS, WORTH \$1 50; AT \$1 30.
- CHANGEABLE CHECK SILKS, WORTH 85c; AT 65c.
- 42-INCH TWILL BEIGES, ALL-WOOL, WORTH \$1; AT 75c.

The Largest Assortment, the Most Perfect-Fitting and the Cheapest.

JERSEYS!

- Handsome Plain Jerseys, \$2 00; worth \$2 75
- Handsome Braided Jerseys, \$2 50; worth \$3 50
- Handsome Plain Jerseys, with Plaid Back and Bow, \$4 00; worth \$5 50

NEW SPRING WRAPS!

- New Spring Shoulder Capes, in Ottoman Silk, Brocade Velvets, etc., from \$7 50
- Jersey Cloth Newmarkets, from \$5 00
- Tailor-Made Street Jackets, from \$6 00

NEW SPRING SUITS!

- Black Silk Suits, new styles, from \$27 50
- Tailor-Made Cloth Suits, light weights, from \$15 00
- Check and Stripe Silk Suits, new styles, \$15 00; worth \$20 00

A SPECIAL BARGAIN!

Beyond Competition!

100 EMBROIDERED SWISS ROBES, COLORED EMBROIDERY, containing 10 yards All-Over Embroidery and 10 yards plain goods to each Robe, AT \$6 AND \$7 50 EACH; WORTH \$12 00 AND \$15 00.

NEW PARASOLS!

- Black Satin, deep Spanish Lace, lined, \$3 75; worth \$5 00
- Black Satin, 10 Ribs, Paragon Frame, lined with plain or changeable silk, \$5 00; worth \$7 50
- Black Satin, Paragon Frames, deep Escorial Lace, plain or fancy linings, \$5 50; worth \$8 00
- Black or Colored Coaching, Gilt, Paragon Frame, \$1 75; worth \$2 50
- 24-Inch Silk Sun Umbrella, \$1 75; worth \$2 50

NEW LINES OF HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES!

- Swiss Hamburgs, from 1-2 to 40 inches wide, 10c to \$7 50
- Natibook Hamburgs, from 1-2 to 40 inches wide, 8c to \$5 00
- Irish Point Embroideries, 1 1-2 to 40 inches wide, 25c to \$7 50
- All-Over Embroideries to match, \$1 to \$8 00

All of the above are only a few of the Immense Bargains we offer for the coming week. To convince yourselves of their value come and examine them. EVERY DEPARTMENT FULL OF NEW GOODS AT THE VERY LOWEST PRICES. Our own Specialties in KID GLOVES FIT BETTER, WEAR LONGER and are CHEAPER than ANY GLOVE sold in this market.

W. H. GUMERSELL & CO.,

413 and 415 North Fourth Street.

NEWCOMB BROS.

FAMOUS

Millinery and Fancy Goods

DEPARTMENT OF

S. J. Brittain & Co.

Spring 1884. Retail Department.

We take pleasure in announcing the Arrival of our Spring Designs in

ART WALL HANGINGS.

The refining effect of true art works, their wholesome and elevating influence are well known. As the largest importers and dealers in our line of goods in the Southwest, we invite those who desire only first-class work and material at medium prices to call and inspect these patterns, many of which are exclusive, guaranteeing full value in all work ordered.

303 AND 305 NORTH FIFTH ST.

SPECIAL DESIGNS FURNISHED and ESTIMATES MADE.



AND TINNERS' STOCK OF ALL KINDS.

FOR SALE BY

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO.

JERSEYS,

the following of which are A FEW SAMPLES.

- Nicely fitting Cashmere Jerseys, with French back, \$1 75; worth \$2 25.
- Extra high Cashmere Jerseys, in all colors, \$1 90; worth \$2 50.
- Heavier grade Cashmere Jerseys, in Black and all colors, \$2; sold in other houses at \$2 75.
- Elegant fitting Jerseys, with collar and cuffs, heavy Cashmere, \$2 50; worth \$3.
- A very fine garment is our Jersey with Watch Pocket, with Fan Back and Satin Bow, price \$3 50; worth \$4 50.
- These two are in Black and all the leading colors.
- Our French Imported Jersey, extra length, Fan Back with Satin Bow, \$4 50; are cheap at \$6.
- Elegant Braided Jerseys, \$3 40, \$3 75, \$2 95 and \$4.
- Very fine Beaded Jerseys, with Cuffs and French Back, \$6; sold elsewhere for \$7 50.

S. J. Brittain & Co.

FAMOUS.



Pay Merchant Tailors \$45 to \$65 for

SPRING SUITS

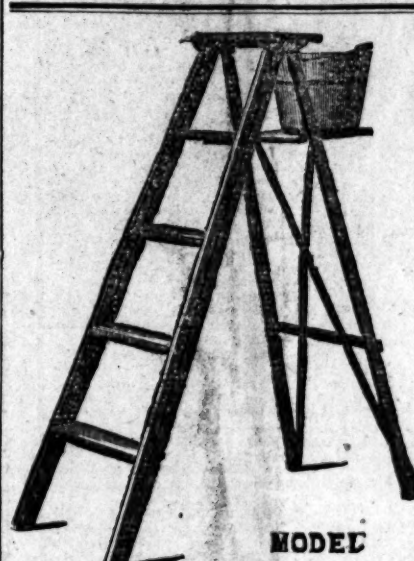
When We Furnish Just as Good for

\$22 TO \$30?

We give it up. We shall be obliged to gentlemen who, after examining our Spring Fashions, will answer this conundrum.

The Golden Eagle,

Corner Fifth and Pine. D. C. YOUNG, MANAGER.



OUR MODEL.

The best Ladder for family use ever made, FOR SALE BY

Udell & Crunden,

Sixth and Locust,

Sole Agents for Udell's Patent Step and Extension Ladders, Painter's Stages, Trestles, Etc. Before purchasing see our line of Baby Carriages, Boys' Wagons, Velocipedes, Refrigerators, Cedar Chests and all kinds of Housefurnishing Wooden and Willow Ware.



ESTABLISHED 1858,

PAPER HANGINGS AND DECORATIONS!

Our New Designs and Colorings for this season now open for inspection.

J. L. ISAACS,

EXCELSIOR BUILDING,

1210 and 1212 Olive Street.

INLAIN HARDWOOD FLOORS.

KEEP'S SHIRTS!

\$10 FOR 6.

Made to measure, fit warranted; none better can be made at any price.

\$7 for 6 Keep's Partly-Made Shirts, Only plain seams to complete, all difficult work finished.

FANCY SHIRTS, new designs, in all fabrics, made to order at most reasonable rates.

Samples and directions for measurement mailed free.

GIBERT BROS.,

Men's Furnishers.

613 Washington Av.

604 Olive Street.

IRISH POPLINS.

PIM BROTHERS & Co

Irish Poplin Manufacturers,

DUBLIN.

New York Branch, 103 Franklin Street.

The Trade Only Supplied. Purchasers are Warned against Imitations.

WINES AND LIQUORS.

- Monarch Bourbon, 1875, per gal., \$5 00
- O. F. C. Taylor Bourbon, 1880, per gal., 4 00
- Nelson County Bourbon, 1880, 4 00
- Pop Corn " " " 3 00
- Mayfield " " " 3 00
- Tea Kettle " " " 3 00
- Mercer County " small grain, per gal., 1 00
- Marshall Bourbon, per gal., 2 00
- Guckenheimer Rye, " " 2 00
- Kelly Island Cutwina " " 1 00
- "Leon" Pure Juice Port, per gal., 2 00
- "De Soto" Pure Juice Port, per gal., 2 00
- "Zamon" Sherry, per gal., 2 00
- "M. Loretta" Sherry, per gal., 2 00
- Rhine Wine, per gal., 2 00
- Chico California, per gal., 1 50

Ten popular brands of Imported Champagne.

COOK'S IMPERIAL SECT WINE CO.

Bottom prices to the trade by the package.

A. MOLL,

612 & 614 Franklin Av.

Crossman's Specific Mixture.

With this remedy persons can cure themselves with out the least expense, change of diet, or change in application to business. The medicine cures each and every kind of the most violent and dangerous ailments that is of the least injury to the constitution. Ask your druggist for it. Fresh, it is bottle.

SCHAWACKER SOLD.

The Story of a Delegate and a Bogus "Boodle."

How Warren McChesney is Said to Have Tricked the First Ward Statesman.

A Little Episode Alleged to Have Occurred in the Laclede Hotel—A Current Story Which the Investigating Committee of the House of Delegates Might Investigate to Advantage.

Ever since the Post-Dispatch made its exposure of the fact that the Municipal Assembly is organized in the interest of a ring, the cry has been raised that the accusation was of too general a nature and that the paper ought to come forward and supply some facts to guide the investigation which was at once set afoot, but which has not as yet found anything out or displayed any very great disposition to go hunting for facts. In order to assist the investigators a little, the Post-Dispatch will give publicity to an interesting little story which has been going the rounds for a few days. It is saying too much to claim that the story will be new to the habitues of the City Hall, who have been telling and retelling it with much gusto and not a few amendments original with the narrators, but it will be none the less interesting because it is, in certain quarters, an open secret. The leading characters in the little Municipal drama, as it is being verbally rehearsed in City Hall circles, are Ed. Butler, Warren McChesney and Delegate Chris Schawacker of the First Ward, the two first named filling the roles of Mephistophelian manipulators of a little scheme, while Schawacker fills the part of the not too innocent victim of their machinations. The scene is laid in a secluded room in the Laclede Hotel. The three parties mentioned meet and discuss politics, laying plans together for the good of the city government and especially aiming to secure such a reorganization of the Municipal Assembly as shall insure the not too precipitate and unproductive passage of the sundry bills whose fate is still trembling in the balance. Mr. Schawacker does not see things in the same light as his companions and candidly acknowledges that he does not fully appreciate the kind of arguments which they are using. At this interesting stage of the proceedings, so the story goes, Mr. McChesney produced an argument in the shape of what is commonly known as a "boodle"—a good-sized, neatly arranged packet done up in brown paper, just about the size and shape that a parcel of bills to the value of \$1000 would present to the eye. This parcel, according to the story which is being told up at the City Hall, was handed by Mr. McChesney to Mr. Schawacker whose political conversion to the views of his companions is said to have occurred at the interesting moment that he gained possession of it. Immediately after receiving it, it is said, Mr. Schawacker expressed a desire

to examine momentarily the contents of the parcel. Permission was readily granted and he left the room, sought a very secluded spot in the hotel, locked himself in, and tore open the package, which was found to contain about 1,000 sheets of a very fine quality of brown tissue paper, all except the two outside sheets, each of which proved to be a nice, new, crisp bit of bill. In a few moments Mr. Schawacker, so runs the story, emerged from his temporary seclusion, and re-entering the room, pale as a sheet and almost speechless with rage, placed the deceptive bundle upon the table and demanded of his companions what they meant. Mr. McChesney looked up at him with that benevolent smile for which he is so well known, and said, "Simply that you have accepted a bribe and are in our power, my boy."

Schawacker fumed and fretted, and working finally up to the point of positive anger, began to denounce the deceivers, and a happy idea entering his somewhat befuddled brain, cried out, "Anyhow, you haven't got any witnesses, so—"

He had not time to finish the sentence, however, before, in response to a sign by Mr. McChesney, two places of concealment suddenly gave up their tenants when poor Schawacker found that he had been entrapped—that he had sold himself, body and boots, to the enemy and had only \$2 in currency and a scant nickel's worth of tissue paper to show for it. It is said that he subsequently went to Judge Terry and consulted him on the subject of what he had better do about it, but that that gentleman, with a proper regard for his own good record, declined to have anything to say about it. Such is the story that is going the City Hall rounds and Mr. Davis' investigating committee will not, in the first place, have any difficulty in finding that it has gained considerable circulation; nor, in the second place, if an earnest attempt to discover the facts is made, will they have any great difficulty in getting at the bottom of the interesting affair.

"I don't know anything about it," replied ED BUTLER, when questioned as to the rumored accident to Mr. Schawacker. And having said it, he laughed in a manner that was little short of violent.

"But you know that Mr. Schawacker did not feel as free as a horse with the matter off when the time came for voting on the organization of the House, don't you?"

"I don't know anything about it. What's the use of making any fuss? Schawacker voted with the Democrats, didn't he?"

"No, always. He didn't vote for Walsh."

"Well, that was only because his vote wasn't needed. You can bet he'd have voted for Walsh if we had needed him."

"Well, there must have been some 'rig' on him to enable you to move him so easily?"

"I don't know anything about it. These Republican fellows were kicking because we've given 'em some of their own medicine. They weren't bawling when they got a couple of votes from our side a year ago, were they? Bill Ewing and his friends were all satisfied then, weren't they? And now they're kicking, ain't they? Well, let 'em kick."

"But the story is, that their votes didn't come as cheap as the Schawacker vote. They didn't put up a job where brown paper would do just as well as currency?"

Ed went into convulsions again and exclaimed, "I don't know anything about it. Them fellows haven't got brains enough to put up a job like that. If ain't that they wouldn't like to do it, but they haven't brains enough."

Although a long and patient endeavor was made to get the brawling, headstrong statement to tell the story, he persisted in declaring that he did not know anything about it.

It can be quite confidently asserted, however, that if the investigating committee were to begin investigating, and managed to get hold of the right party, they would be able to educate from him a story running as closely as possible to the following: "On the morning of the day that the House of Delegates was to pass upon the Southern Hotel Forest Park bill

MR. MCCHESNEY CAME TO ME and told me that he was going to put up a job, the nature of which he described, upon a certain Republican delegate, Schawacker, in fact, in order that he might be able to control his vote in favor of the bill. I told him that I did not believe there was a delegate in the House who was fool enough to sell his vote for a bundle of brown paper tied up so as to represent a parcel of money. He said that he was going to try it and that he believed he would succeed. He furthermore said that he would, in the event of his being successful, send word to me of the fact by a reporter, and asked me whether, being so assured, I would not, if Schawacker voted against the bill, get up in the House and openly charge him with having accepted a bribe, the witnesses of which would be on hand. I promptly told him that I would have nothing whatever to do with such a transaction. He left, and, to my surprise, during the afternoon a young man who said that he was a reporter—a smooth-faced young fellow of about 17 years of age, I should judge, whom I had often seen about the City Hall—called at my office and said: 'That game of McChesney's on Schawacker went off all right. He took the bundle just as had been expected.' Later on, Schawacker himself called upon me and told how he had been imposed upon, revealing the whole story of how he had been given a bundle in the Laclede Hotel, of how he had gone into a secluded part of the hotel, examined it and discovered that it contained only brown paper. I have heard it stated that when he emerged from his seclusion he was as white as a ghost and in a state of great excitement. I have also heard that in the evening, while he was in the House of Delegates, Mr. Schawacker was approached by two gentlemen, one of whom brought the other forward and said: 'Mr. Schawacker, allow me to introduce my friend, Mr. McChesney,' and that Schawacker waved McChesney away excitedly, and cried out: 'Take him away, take him away! I don't want to know him. Take him away!'

While he was telling me of how he had been imposed upon he frequently stopped to remark parenthetically: 'now that was d—d mean, wasn't it? It makes me laugh now to think of it!'

The story has been repeated all over the City Hall, and the investigating committee ought to look into it; yes and so ought the Grand Jury too."

Another gentleman could very easily be found, who is thoroughly posted on the subject, and who would narrate a story hardly less interesting than the one given above, while additional testimony would not be hard to find if the investigating committee decides upon starting an investigation.

Yesterday evening a POST-DISPATCH reporter called upon

DELEGATE SCHAWACKER at his lively stable on South Third street. He said that he had heard of the story which was afloat regarding the brown paper parcel, "boodle" and that he smiled the truth of it is to.

"The story has evidently been started by my enemies with a view to hurting me," he said.

"When the reorganization was under way the friends of Broadwell and Beit tried hard to get me to support them, and this is the way they got at me because I did not do as they wanted me. Now the reason why I opposed Broadwell was a personal one. At the time we gave the Mayor the reception on his return to the city last July I supplied the carriages and sent in a bill for \$40 for the service rendered. Broadwell got the money, but so what I could, I could not get him to pay it over to me. He never did pay me up until the beginning of last March, and that's why I'm down on Broadwell. With regard to Beit, he used to come round here and borrow money from me—\$5 and \$10 at a time—and I finally shut down when I was informed that he used to spend his money playing stud-horse poker. Now, I ain't going to support such men as those, even if they are Republicans, and I didn't support them, either."

"But, knowing that these enemies of yours were spreading such damaging reports regarding your character, didn't you take any steps to punish them, or to put a stop to their circulating them in the future?"

Mr. Schawacker made no answer to this question, when the reporter followed it up with, "Well, isn't it a fact that your vote in favor of the Forest Park Railroad was a surprise to your friends, being right opposite to what they would expect in view of your previous opposition to the measure in the shape in which it passed?"

To this question Mr. Schawacker replied that the newspapers had had so much to say about the bill and the House standing in the way of public improvements that he decided that evening he would give it his support, and did so.

The reporter did not broach the subject of the Anheuser switch bill, but Mr. Schawacker did, saying, "Now, I have been criticized for my opposition to the Anheuser switch, but that was very unjust. I do a great deal of business with people who live in this neighborhood and I knew that they were waiting my course in regard to the bill, and that if I supported it, my business would suffer. Of course one has to protect himself in a case of that kind."

Finally the reporter called upon WARREN MCCHESNEY, who declared that he didn't know anything about the "boodle" story, hadn't even heard it mentioned as far as regarded Mr. Schawacker, he had never seen the gentleman.

"But," the reporter interrupted, calling to mind a statement made by the delegate which had not been included in the above interview, "I left Mr. Schawacker only a few moments ago and he told me he had met you for the first time on the night of the passage of the Forest Park railway bill."

"Well, yes," said Mr. McChesney, "I do remember that a man came up to me in the House of Delegates that night and told me that he was Mr. Schawacker, but I had nothing to say to him then, and have not had since."

"I have been given to understand that on the morning of the day upon which, it is said, Delegate Schawacker was bought with a seven-page 'boodle' flanked by a dollar in each end of it, you visited a gentleman in this city and informed him of the job you had put up on Schawacker and promised to let him know, later in the day, through a reporter, of the success of the job?"

"There is not one word of truth in it. To tell the truth, I am getting tired of being produced as the head and front of every dirty possible scheme that is discovered, and if it doesn't stop I'll go before the Grand Jury myself and see if something can't be done. It's getting very tiring, and I'll see whether it cannot be stopped."

The London, Ky., Star.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, April 15.—Lester by the Laclede Hotel, are early this morning over A. H. Schawacker, dry goods, \$1,000; Schawacker, dry goods, \$1,000; Schawacker, dry goods, \$1,000. The dwelling of Judge J. H. Schawacker, 1000

FAMOUS

SHOE AND CLOTHING CO.

Boys, don't forget that a Baseball Cap goes free with every Hat you purchase from Famous.

Railway Ticket Rates Reduced.

To Chicago, St. Paul, Denver, Omaha, Kansas City, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Louisville, Cincinnati, and other points.
J. W. Stockbridge, R. R. Ticket Broker,
200 WASHINGTON AVENUE (under Lindell Hotel).

CITY NEWS.

Two justly famed "Anderson" and Belmont four mash whiskeys and all other liquors in quantities to suit, at lowest prices, delivered free by James Lape & Co., 234 and 235 Olive street.

Pozzoni's Medicated Complexion Powder is the best—has a record for twenty years.

Dr. E. C. Chase,
222 Olive street. Set of teeth \$4.

J. J. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickel cigar is still on the boom. Gentle smoker, or you want a 10c Havana filled cigar for 5c. Try J. J. Mayer & Co.'s New Nickel. All druggists and grocers have them on sale.

Private matters skillfully treated, and medicine furnished. Dr. Dinaberg, 414 Pine street.

Private matters skillfully treated and medicine furnished. Dr. Jacques, 705 Chestnut st.

Old Dr. Whitner, a regular graduate, 617 St. Charles street, for twenty-five years, may be found from 10 a. m. to 5 p. m., where remarkable cures may be had of blood diseases, impediments to marriage, etc., all diseases of indigestion, excesses, imbalances. Safe medicines; consultation free. "Health, Beauty, Longevity," 25c per page, sent sealed, 50 cents, or at office.

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEVITIES.

The Marquis of Ripon, Viceroy of India, is dying. It is reported that the Crown Prince of Austria has gone to Turkey.

The shortage of Church, the Troy, N. Y., treasurer, will amount to \$20,000.

Comte Ribbing, the celebrated French dramatic author, is dead, aged 84.

Four Norwegian newspapers have been summoned for libeling the crown.

The Duke of Sutherland, a well-known British peer, died in London Tuesday.

Two shikins of the Tokar tribe have come to Bismarck asking for pardon.

In a recent race along the Scottish coast, sixteen Aberdeen fishermen were drowned.

A New York ferryboat ran down a yawl containing six sailors, two of whom were drowned.

Robert Bickerton of Ripon, author of several volumes of sermons and lectures, died Tuesday.

Isenberg Bros' paper mill at Louisville, Ky., burned Tuesday night. Loss \$250,000, partly insured.

Dr. John Tobin, a prominent young physician of Cleveland, Ohio, died there Tuesday evening.

The net earnings of the Pacific coast for March are 50 per cent less than in March, 1883.

The Home Department of the British Government will conduct the prosecution of the dynamite case.

It is thought no further action on the McLean-Whitney contest case will be taken until May.

Z. Decker of Dr. W. P., was accidentally shot at Memphis, Tenn., Tuesday night. He may recover.

The last letter of the Mahdi commands the tribes to rush forward to the edge of a Khartoum religious duty.

All New Orleans mechanics belonging to unions have been ordered to cease work until a rate is made.

C. Fifty-five bodies have been recovered from the Protonas mine, but about thirty are about to be recovered.

Parrell was fatally received at Brodhead, County Iowa, Tuesday. Tuesday morning he was found dead.

Minister Lowell returned a number of American colleges at the celebration of the Edinburgh University tercentenary on Tuesday.

The Grand Transit of Venus have ordered a reduction for six months of five per cent on salaries of all train hands receiving over \$1 a day.

Russia's new law of 600,000 for the construction of railways is considered a step toward the consolidation of the internal affairs of the empire.

A large and enthusiastic meeting of prominent colored citizens was held in Washington, Tuesday, to support the Blair Education bill.

The intense hostility between Americans and Mexicans in the vicinity of Francisco threatens to precipitate an uprising against the former.

It is said that Cuba's favoring annexation to the United States is taking advantage of Aguer's rejection to organize a new party.

The Spanish Government has warned the United States Government against allowing any more Cuban filibustering expeditions to be sent to Cuba.

Charles Michael, negro of Palestine, Texas, who was arrested for an assault on a 17-year-old girl, was lynched by a mob Monday night.

The city officials of San Antonio were tried for permitting violations of the law by the city police in the shooting of a man named Smith, who was killed by a bullet fired from a pistol shot by a man named Smith.

The verdict of the coroner's jury in the Niagara Falls tragedy was that Van Pearson came to his death by the act of a man named Smith.

The will of Thomas Yeddo, who was either killed or committed suicide at Niagara, has been proved. He leaves \$47,000 in cash to relatives and a number of public bequests.

There is great excitement in China over the French successes in Tonquin. The government is degrading and punishing the French, who were in any way responsible for the French advance.

It is rumored that after the close of the present session of the House, Mr. Campbell, Minister of Justice, will resign and take the Chief Justice's place in the Supreme Court.

An indictment against William Adams charging him with murder in the first degree, for shooting and killing a man named Smith, was returned by the grand jury.

Do Not Forget.
That when any article by its own merits has acquired public confidence and patronage it is at once imitated, and the greater the sale of the genuine article the more the imitations. Take, for instance, the host of so-called porous plasters; every one of them is endeavoring to trade on the reputation of ALCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER.

The only safe way for purchasers is to insist on having the genuine article, and not allow themselves to be swindled by having plasters said to be "just as good," or "containing superior ingredients" imposed upon them. These are only tricks to sell inferior goods than to more compare with ALCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER than copper does with gold. One trial of ALCOCK'S POROUS PLASTER will convince you that they are the best external remedy ever made; they cure without causing blisters, abrasions of skin, or the slightest inconvenience.

Last night of the Cuneo Art Sale at Red-heffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

CITY NEWS.

A cow stable at 2121 South Eleventh street was burned at 4:30 last night.

The Attack Gunns gave their tenth annual ball at St. Louis last night.

Mr. Fiske lectured at Memorial Hall, last night, on "Lord George Germaine's Plan for the Capture of New York."

George E. Collins of Denver has written to Judge Noonan offering to marry the girl named Katie, who had been wronged by a man named Noonan.

The Americans Club's second entertainment this season came off at the Concordia Club rooms yesterday evening with a large and fashionable attendance.

The Missouri Historical Society met last night and listened to Robert Robinson's paper on "The Western Interest in the Centennial of the Discovering of the American Indians."

Osborne L. Dierberger, in jail convicted of the murder of Wm. Horne, was yesterday afternoon to view the body of his cousin, John Dierberger, who was buried this afternoon.

At the Police Board meeting yesterday evening George Maxman was dismissed the force for unnecessarily shooting Michael Mulligan. Officer McNamara was fined \$10 for intoxication while duty.

SUITS MADE TO ORDER FOR \$25.
The suits which we are making to order for \$25 are from goods which we can warrant to wear to your satisfaction.

HILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Fifth and Pine.

An Ugly Wound.
Jacob Brismann received an ugly wound over the left eye yesterday while loading scrap-wood from the foot of St. Louis avenue. A piece of board slipped from the wagon and struck him on the eye.

Folding Beds.
Buy the best. The "Williams" patient is the best. See them.

BURKELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
Sole Agents, 607 N. Fourth street.

SILENT SUFFERERS.

Chat With the President of the American Humane Association.

The Work of the Association—What Has Been Done—Special Fields of Labor—Cattle Transportation and Popular Education.

Edwin Lee Brown, president of the American Humane Society, who lectured in the city last night, was met to-day by a Post-Dispatch reporter. Mr. Brown, whose activity and able interest in furthering the work of the association, has secured him such distinguished recognition as the election to the office of president is a large portion of his life. He is a student, forcible talker and is full of the true information and ideas on the subject of cruelty to animals. In conversation with the reporter, Mr. Brown said that he had frequently visited St. Louis on other business besides the one he was now engaged in, and he was glad of an opportunity to talk to the people in the city who were interested in the great work of ameliorating the condition of dumb animals.

"I do not claim to be a specialist," said he, "but I do not have the time to give a simple narration of facts. It is sufficient to bring tears to people's eyes, and I do not have to tell them that I am a specialist. I have to check myself, than hunt for something to say on this subject."

"Do you travel much in the interest of the association?" asked the reporter.

"I have not made many trips this year, because I am busy at home. I made a great many, and I have taken a good many short runs to different places to advance our work."

"Can you give me a summary of the history of the association?"

"Yes, the first man to start the ball rolling was Henry Bergh of New York. Nearly every one knows the story of his struggle for the recognition of the rights of animals, but the American Humane Association was formed at Cleveland in the fall of 1877."

"The first national meeting was held and the national association was organized. Since that time the association has been held every year and the influence of the association has constantly been on the increase."

"The association is the central organization for the country, but there are State and individual societies which are parts of it. There were 100 independent societies before the organization of the National Association, and since that time the spread and growth of the work has been rapid."

"I can tell you quicker the States in which there are none; they are not more than half a dozen. I have always found the history of the societies to be first an organization, then a loss of interest and activity and a revival following which insures permanent and regular work."

"The chief interests under the charge of the American Association are such intimate matters as cattle transportation and the education of the people. We are devoting special attention to these two fields of effort."

"How are the laws of the States with respect to the treatment of animals?"

"There are few States which have not very fair laws on the subject. Some of them are excellent. Our Illinois law, for instance, is a very fine one."

"In it animals are treated as property, and to be every living creature, and under this law we look after the treatment not only of domestic animals but of wild animals and the treatment of children."

"The truth is we do so much for children as for dumb animals."

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Miss Lizzie Hendler spent Easter Sunday in St. Louis. W. D. Thomas was elected trustee for this school district at the election Saturday, without opposition. A new tile flooring has just been put in the hallway at the new county jail and office building. A heavy rain fell last night, and it is feared the water will now cause more trouble than ever. A number of people have recently been compelled to move to high ground for safety, and the track of the L. & N. W. Railroad is weighted down with logs for the safety of the Illinois River. A skiff from Columbia meets the passenger trains twice a day, and the travelers are thus transferred to Calhoun County. The country roads are very bad.

GALETTI, A. N., April 15.—A. Kaufman left for Ohio yesterday to attend the funeral of his father.

J. G. Lindsay left to-day for Washington, D. C. Rev. T. Bailey preached his first sermon at the Christian Church on last Sabbath. Miss Alice Stevens of Ottawa visited friends in this city yesterday. Farmers are busy planting corn.

FINCH CITY, Mo., April 15.—The Pierce City Five Company held a meeting last night, and elected a permanent organization. Forty members were enrolled. Wm. Buener was elected president, and J. H. Smith, secretary. Work will commence this week on the public distillery. There is to be a leap year party at the residence of Mrs. Shumaker this evening. Parties are here looking over the ground with a view to establishing a starch factory. Messrs. Phelps & Ketterly have sold their interest in Electric Match Factory to Adolph Blumer who will continue the business.

The Pierce City Guards are making arrangements for the purchase of new dress uniforms to wear at the encampment of the 5th Regiment, N. G. M., which goes into camp for one week at Carthage on the 30th of June.

Mothers.
If you are falling, broken, worn out and nervous, use "Wells' Health Renewer." At Druggists.

LAST night of the Cuneo Art Sale at Red-heffer & Koch's, 1000 Olive street.

GEN. MACADARAS.

A Short Chat With the Distinguished Irish Nationalist.

Picture a heavily built man of medium height, slightly lame in his walk, with short, bristling brown hair, brushed up and back from his forehead, and a military mustache and imperial, giving him full face a strong resemblance to that of the Third Napoleon in his general outline; add to these characteristics a faultless attire, and you have the man whose name is a household word in the history of the Fenian movement.

The general laughed when a Post-Dispatch reporter repeated the cable dispatch of a few days ago stating that he was in Paris. "The leader of a gang of Irish dynamite plotters," he said, "is a fair sample of all the reports concerning myself, and others with respect to these alleged plots. They are false rumors, circulated for the purpose of pure malice and to injure my name. These men are not only Irish nationalists, but worse, spies and seditious whisperers. As a matter of fact, I have never had anything to do with the Fenians nor the dynamite. I do not believe in dynamite, nor do I consort with men who do."

Gen. MacAdaras went on to say that he believed most of the reports of dynamite outrages were manufactured by men, known to him, as such agents by Irishmen would be ruinous to Irish interests. What Ireland needs is the sympathy and aid of foreign statesmen and people, which could only be given to legitimate agitation. Gladstone is considered a friend of Ireland, but he is not a friend of Ireland. Fenianism and Parliament should be given a fair chance by the united support of Irish men and Irish members.

"The only way that Ireland can win by revolution," said he, "is by England becoming embroiled with a foreign power, and by strong foreign aid being given to Irish Fenianism. I am a nationalist, but I have not evil ends and a good cause, and I believe in the use of force to achieve my ends."

Mrs. MacAdaras is in the city at present. The general is here on private business only. He will remain several days.

Silver-Plated Cases, Lowest Prices.
Merrill & Jaccard Jewelry Co., 4th and Locust.

MUNICIPAL ASSEMBLY.

Introduction of a Number of Interesting Ordinances Last Evening.

The Council last night received a report from the Board of Equalization, recommending the preparation of a new set of general ordinances was introduced to lease the Forest Park cottage and restaurant for five years to Sam Ecker for \$1,500 a year. The ordinance was passed by a vote of 10 to 4.

Fourth street from Market to Washington avenue and Fifth street from Olive to Franklin avenue, were closed to traffic by the introduction of a new ordinance. The ordinance was passed by a vote of 10 to 4.

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